

Callisia repens

(Creeping Inchplant, Turtle Vine)

Creeping evergreen perennial spreads very fast and covers all surfaces. Small tiny leaves are shiny green , reddish on the bottom. Takes full shade and grows best as a house plant or in indoor desgn.



Plant Image

Landscape Information

Plant Type: Groundcover

Origin: Texas, Mexico, Central America, South America

Heat Zones: 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15

Hardiness Zones: 11, 12, 13

Uses: Indoor, Container, Green Wall

Size/Shape

Growth Rate: Fast

Tree Shape: Spreading

Canopy Symmetry: Symmetrical

Canopy Density: Dense

Canopy Texture: Fine

Height at Maturity: Less than 0.5 m

Spread at Maturity: Less than 50 cm

Time to Ultimate Height: 2 to 5 Years

Callisia repens

(Creeping Inchplant, Turtle Vine)



Flower Image

Botanical Description

Foliage

Leaf Arrangement: Opposite

Leaf Venation: Nearly Invisible

Leaf Persistence: Evergreen

Leaf Type: Simple

Leaf Blade: Less than 5

Leaf Shape: Ovate

Leaf Margins: Entire

Leaf Textures: Leathery, Glossy

Leaf Scent: No Fragrance

Color(growing season): Green

Color(changing season): Green

Flower

Flower Showiness: False

Fruit

Fruit Showiness: False

Callisia repens

(Creeping Inchplant, Turtle Vine)



Leaf Image

Horticulture Management

Tolerance

Frost Tolerant: No

Heat Tolerant: Yes

Drought Tolerant: No

Salt Tolerance: Poor

Requirements

Soil Requirements: Loam, Sand

Soil Ph Requirements: Neutral

Water Requirements: High, Moderate

Light Requirements: Part, Shade

Management

Toxity: No

Invasive Potential: No

Susceptibility to Pests and Diseases: No

Pruning Requirement: Little needed, to develop a strong structure

Fruit/ Leaves/ Flowers litter: No

Surface Rooting: Yes

Life Span: Less than 25

Diseases: Leaf Spots

Edible Parts: None

Pests: Mites, Whitefly, Aphids

Plant Propagations: Cutting, Division

MORE IMAGES



Other Image