Cassia bicapsularis

(Winter Cassia, Butterfly Bush)

Winter Cassia is known to wake up while the others are preparing for winter. It's native to Northern South America, from Panama to Venezuela and Colombia. It's a semi-evergreen shrub, reaching a height of 3 meters with an equal spread. The beautifully shaped bright yellow flowers attract bees and butterflies.

This shrub can be pruned to become a tree but requires staking to hold them upright.



Landscape Information

French Name: Bois cabrit Pronounciation: KASS-ee-uh bye-kap-soo-LAIR-iss Plant Type: Shrub Origin: North South America Heat Zones: 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Hardiness Zones: 9, 10, 11, 12, 13

Uses: Specimen, Container

Size/Shape

Growth Rate: Moderate Tree Shape: Round, Vase Canopy Symmetry: Irregular Canopy Density: Open Canopy Texture: Fine Height at Maturity: 1.5 to 3 m Spread at Maturity: 1.5 to 3 meters Time to Ultimate Height: 5 to 10 Years

Plant Image

Cassia bicapsularis

(Winter Cassia, Butterfly Bush)



Flower Image

Botanical Description

Foliage

Leaf Arrangement: Alternate Leaf Venation: Pinnate Leaf Persistance: Semi Evergreen Leaf Type: Even Pinnately compound Leaf Blade: Less than 5 Leaf Shape: Obovate Leaf Margins: Entire Leaf Textures: Coarse Leaf Scent: No Fragance Color(growing season): Green Color(changing season): Green Flower

Flower Showiness: True Flower Size Range: 10 - 20 Flower Type: Spike Flower Sexuality: Monoecious (Bisexual) Flower Scent: No Fragance Flower Color: Yellow Seasons: Fall

Trunk

Trunk Susceptibility to Breakage: Suspected to breakage Number of Trunks: Multi-Trunked Trunk Esthetic Values: Not Showy Fruit Fruit Type: Legume Fruit Showiness: False

Fruit Size Range: 10 - 20 Fruit Colors: Brown Seasons: Fall

Cassia bicapsularis

(Winter Cassia, Butterfly Bush)



Leaf Image

Horticulture Management

Tolerance

Frost Tolerant: No Heat Tolerant: Yes Drought Tolerant: No Salt Tolerance: Moderate

Requirements

Soil Requirements: Clay, Loam, Sand Soil Ph Requirements: Acidic, Neutral, Alkaline Water Requirements: Low Light Requirements: Full, Part

Management

Toxity: No Invasive Potential: No Susceptibility to Pests and Diseases: No Pruning Requirement: Needed, to develop a strong structure Surface Rooting: No Edible Parts: Pests: Caterpillars Plant Propagations: Seed, Cutting