Imperata cylindrica

(Cogon grass, Japanese Blood Grass)

Cogon grass is a grass native to Japan, and is a highly invasive plant, sometimes considered as a weed. It's an upright, clump forming grass. Its leaves are green but become colored (Red, orange, tan) during winter.



Plant Image

Landscape Information

French Name: paillotte Arabic Name: حلفی، حلفاء

Pronounciation: im-per-AH-tuh sil-IN-dree-kuh

Plant Type: Groundcover

Origin: Japan

Heat Zones: 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,

14, 15, 16

Hardiness Zones: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 Uses: Border Plant, Container, Wildlife, Ground

cover

Size/Shape

Growth Rate: Fast **Tree Shape:** Upright

Canopy Texture: Medium

Height at Maturity: 0.5 to 1 m, 1 to 1.5 m Spread at Maturity: Less than 50 cm Time to Ultimate Height: 2 to 5 Years

Imperata cylindrica

(Cogon grass, Japanese Blood Grass)



Flower Image

Botanical Description

Foliage

Leaf Venation: Nearly Invisible **Leaf Persistance:** Deciduous

Leaf Type: Simple
Leaf Blade: 50 - 80
Leaf Shape: Linear
Leaf Margins: Serrate
Leaf Textures: Rough
Leaf Scent: No Fragance

Color(growing season): Green

Color(changing season): Orange, Red,

Copper

Flower

Flower Showiness: False

Flower Type: Spike

Flower Sexuality: Monoecious (Bisexual)

Flower Scent: No Fragance

Flower Color: White

Fruit

Fruit Showiness: False
Fruit Colors: Orange, White

Imperata cylindrica

(Cogon grass, Japanese Blood Grass)



Leaf Image

Horticulture Management

Tolerance

Frost Tolerant: Yes
Heat Tolerant: Yes
Drought Tolerant: Yes
Salt Tolerance: Moderate

Requirements

Soil Requirements: Clay, Loam, Sand

Soil Ph Requirements: Acidic, Neutral, Alkaline

Water Requirements: Moderate, Low

Light Requirements: Full, Part

Management

Invasive Potential: Yes

Susceptibility to Pests and Diseases: No Pruning Requirement: No pruning at all

Edible Parts: None

Plant Propagations: Cutting, Division

MORE IMAGES



Other Image